

ROBOTICS

Product specification

IRB 6790



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Product specification

IRB 6790 - 235/2.65

IRB 6790 - 205/2.80

OmniCore

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Revision: F

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Overview of this product specification

About this product specification

It describes the performance of the manipulator or a complete family of manipulators in terms of:

- The structure and dimensions prints
- The fulfillment of standards, safety and operating requirements
- The load diagrams, mounting or extra equipment, the motion and the robot reach
- The specification of variants and options available

Usage

Product specifications are used to find data and performance about the product, for example to decide which product to buy. How to handle the product is described in the product manual.

Users

It is intended for:

- Product managers and product personnel
- Sales and marketing personnel
- Order and customer service personnel
- Robot programmers
- Project leaders
- Design engineers

References

Reference	Document ID
<i>Product specification - OmniCore V line RW 7</i>	3HAC074671-001
<i>Product manual - IRB 6790 Foundry Prime</i>	3HAC063331-001
<i>Product specification - Robot stopping distances according to ISO 10218-1</i>	3HAC048645-001
<i>Product specification - Robot user documentation, OmniCore with RobotWare 7</i>	3HAC065042-001

Revisions

Revision	Description
A	First edition.
B	Published in release 24D. The following updates are done in this revision: • Updated the section Technical data on page 21. • Updated date of overpressure unit change. • Added length of cables between interface plate and manipulator base.
C	Published in release 25A. The following updates are done in this revision: • Removed prior design of overpressure unit.

Continues on next page

Overview of this product specification

Continued

Revision	Description
D	Published in release 25.3. The following updates are done in this revision: • Company name updated to reflect current legal entities. • Updated portal name from myABB to ABB Robotics One.
E	Published in release 26.1. The following updates are made in this revision: • Removed duplication of robot weight specification. • Added section Impacting robot lifetime. • Added data that was accidentally removed in the previous revision. • Company name updated to reflect current legal entities.
F	Published in release 26B. The following updates are made in this revision: • Added UL option to the robot system. • Removed 30 m floor cable.

1 Description

1.1 Structure

1.1.1 Introduction

General

The IRB 6790 series is ABB Robotics 7th generation of high payload, high performance industrial robots. Based on the famous IRB 6700 series, with large working range, the very high wrist torque, the service friendly modular built up and the high availability, significant for ABB's robots.

The IRB 6790 is designed to generally withstand a very harsh environment, including detergents used in spraying applications. Even with this very robust design, some limitations exist:

- Detergents and allowed PH levels are specified in the product manual.
- Warranty will not apply if corrosion happens on structural parts. This corrosion/rust will not influence the functionality of the product.
- Maintenance needs to be performed according to recommendations in the product manuals.

Software product range

We have added a range of software products - all falling under the umbrella designation of Active Safety - to protect not only personnel in the unlikely event of an accident, but also robot tools, peripheral equipment and the robot itself.

Operating system

The robot is equipped with the OmniCore controller and robot control software, RobotWare. RobotWare supports every aspect of the robot system, such as motion control, development and execution of application programs, communication etc. See *Product specification - OmniCore V line RW 7*.

Safety

Safety standards valid for complete robot, manipulator and controller.

Additional functionality

For additional functionality, the robot can be equipped with optional software for application support - for example gluing and welding, communication features - network communication - and advanced functions such as multitasking, sensor control etc. For a complete description on optional software, see *Product specification - OmniCore V line RW 7*.

Foundry Prime

Robots with protection type Foundry Prime are specially designed to work in harsh environments such as water jet cleaning, high pressure deburring, immersion cleaning, washing and similar applications. To ensure that the protection offers the best reliability, special measures are required during installation and operation.

Continues on next page

1 Description

1.1.1 Introduction

Continued

It is required that the environmental and application conditions are fulfilled and that the special maintenance activities and intervals for the Foundry Prime protected robot are followed.

The manipulator can withstand indirect spray from jet pressure (max. 700 bar) and 100% humidity (gaseous mixture only). The manipulator can work with a cleaning bath temperature up to 60 °C.

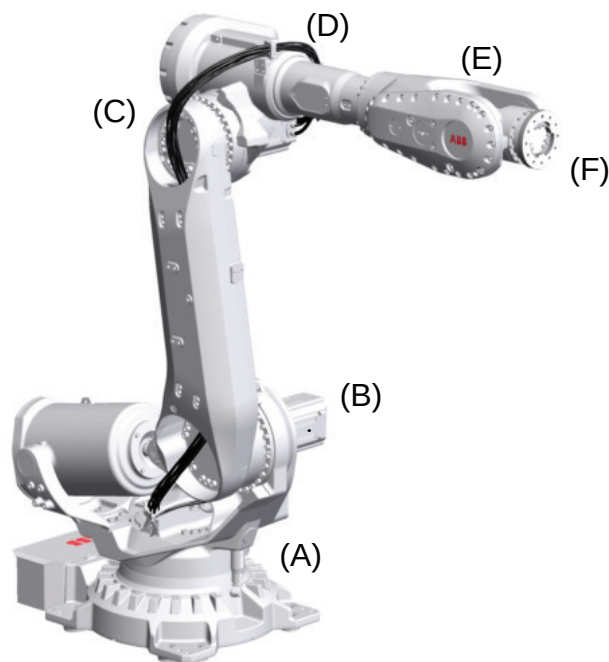
The motors, the balancing device, and the serial measurement board cavity must be pressurized on Foundry Prime robots during operation and shut down. For detailed information of the maintenance program, see chapter Maintenance in the *Product manual - IRB 6790 Foundry Prime*.

Washing and cleaning detergents

General washing detergent requirements:

- Washing and cleaning detergent with pH 7-10. Down to pH6 during short periods provided that the robot is washed carefully with tap water afterwards.
- Max. temperature on washing detergent is 60 °C
- The user must follow the supplier's recommendations regarding detergent concentration and pH value
- Washing and cleaning detergents with corrosion inhibitor should be used

Robot axes



xx1300000244

A	Axis 1	B	Axis 2
C	Axis 3	D	Axis 4
E	Axis 5	F	Axis 6

1.1.2 Different robot variants

General

The IRB 6790 is available in two variants.

Robot variants

The following variants are available.

Robot	Handling capacity (kg)	Reach (m)
IRB 6790	235 kg	2.65 m
IRB 6790	205 kg	2.80 m

1 Description

1.2.1 Applicable standards

1.2 Standards

1.2.1 Applicable standards

General

This product is designed according to the global product standard ISO 10218-1:2025, *Robots for industrial environments - Safety requirements - Part 1 Robots*, In case of deviation from ISO 10218-1:2025, these are listed in the declaration of incorporation. The declaration of incorporation is part of the delivery.

Robot standards

Standard	Description
ISO 9283	Manipulating industrial robots – Performance criteria and related test methods
ISO 9787	Robots and robotic devices – Coordinate systems and motion nomenclatures
ISO 9946	Manipulating industrial robots – Presentation of characteristics

Other standards used in design

Standard	Description
ISO 9283	Manipulating industrial robots - Performance criteria and related test methods
ISO 9787	Robots and robotic devices -- Coordinate systems and motion nomenclatures
ISO 9946	Manipulating industrial robots - Presentation of characteristics
IEC 61000-6-2	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 6-2: Generic standards – Immunity standard for industrial environments
IEC 61000-6-4	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 6-4: Generic standards – Emission standard for industrial environments
IEC 61326-3-1	Immunity requirements for safety-related systems and for equipment intended to perform safety-related functions (functional safety) – General industrial applications

Region specific standards

Standard	Description
UL 1740 (option) CSA Z434 (option)	Standards For Safety - Robots and Robotic Equipment Industrial robots and robot Systems - General safety requirements Valid for USA and Canada.

Consulted guidelines

The following guidelines have inspired and guided the product design:

Guideline	Description
VDI 3397 Part 1	Metalworking Fluids

Guideline	Description
VDI 3035	Design of machine tools, production lines and peripheral equipment for the use of metalworking fluids
DIN 51385	Lubricants – Processing fluids for forming and machining of materials – Terms
DIN 51485	Lubricants – Processing fluids for forming and machining of materials – Metalworking and forming fluids: Requirements and test methods

1 Description

1.3 Impacting robot lifetime

1.3 Impacting robot lifetime

Introduction

The expected lifetime of a robot is an important factor when planning an installation. This information is aiming to help you to maximize the lifetime of your robot and avoid unnecessary downtime or repair.

The lifetime of a robot is influenced by the following, but not limited to, factors:

- [Robot type selection on page 14](#)
- [Duty factor on page 14](#)
- [Environmental conditions on page 15](#)
- [Application and usage on page 15](#)
- [Design limitations on page 17](#)
- [Maintenance on page 17](#)
- [Individual lifetime variability on page 17](#)
- [Extreme usage on page 17](#)

Robot type selection

Selecting the right robot for the application is generally done based on payload and reach criteria, but other factors can influence the selection, such as the duty factor. Selecting the most suitable variant is crucial to achieve the expected high performance, uptime, and lifetime. Always select a robot in accordance with the intended use, see [Structure on page 9](#).

ABB robots are capable of high accelerations and speeds. It is generally recommended to use RobotStudio to find out if a robot model is suitable for a specific application and duty factor. RobotStudio is an excellent tool to help with the assessment of the duty factor and the selection of the most suitable robot variant.

This robot is not specifically designed for use in demanding applications with a very high duty factor. If used in such conditions, a significant reduction in lifetime is possible for all axes, depending on the cycle. See [Extreme usage on page 17](#).

When selecting the robot variant, consider using application-specific robot, and suitable protection type.



Note

Use the Mechanical Analysis add-in in RobotStudio (see details below) for help with the assessment, or get technical support from ABB.

Duty factor

Duty factor is the percentage of time the robot is moving divided by the total time, including movement and wait time during the complete robot work cycle. It is a measurement of how much the robot is being used. Gearbox lifetime is reduced more rapidly by a higher duty cycle than by a lower one. See [Extreme usage on page 17](#).

Continues on next page



Note

The duty factor impact on lifetime can be analyzed in the add-in *Mechanical Analysis* in RobotStudio (see details below) and *Service Information System* (SIS) data in the controller. Contact ABB to analyze the SIS data.

Environmental conditions

Following factors within environmental conditions of the robot has an impact on the robot lifetime:

- Temperature:

The robot usage at high temperatures or extreme usage can lead to gearbox and motor cooling problems. Observe operating temperature limits stated in manipulator product manual. Extreme usage normally requires means of reduction of motor and gearbox oil heat.



Note

The add-in Mechanical Analysis in RobotStudio (see details below) or technical support from ABB can provide recommendation whether means of reduction of motor and gearbox oil heat is required.

- High humidity can be caused by the environment or the application. A high humidity can cause water being accumulated in the gearbox oil, which leads to requiring more frequent oil change. See [Operating conditions, robot on page 23](#), and [Storage conditions, robot on page 23](#).
- Exposure to chemicals might impact sealings, which can cause oil leakage.
- Vibrations caused by not following the foundation requirements might cause reduction of lifetime, for example for bearings. See [Requirements, foundation on page 23](#).
- Cleaning. Wrong cleaning can cause particles entering the sealings which can cause oil leakage. Proper cleaning is described in *Product manual - IRB 6790 Foundry Prime*.

Application and usage

Following factors within robot application and usage has an impact on the robot lifetime:

- Payload definition and overload:

It is important to define the payload within specification and correctly defined tool data. See section [Diagrams on page 38](#), and *Technical reference manual - RAPID Overview*.

The service routine for load identification, *LoadIdentify*, is available to support tool data definition. See *Operating manual - OmniCore*.

- Acceleration/deceleration:

The gearbox lifetime is reduced more rapidly by high accelerations/decelerations than by lower ones.

Continues on next page

1 Description

1.3 Impacting robot lifetime

Continued



Note

Smoother movements bring reduced energy consumption.



Note

Acceleration/deceleration can be modified with the instruction AccSet.
See *Technical reference manual - RAPID Overview*.

Acceleration/deceleration is optimized by using automatic path planning functionality, either offline, or in RobotStudio, or using the online software.

- Limited movements:

If the range or the rotation angle for an axis is 10° or less, the expected life of the reduction gears may be reduced due to poor lubrication of internal parts or the internal parts being subject to a concentrated load. Add extra lubrication motion to the robot program or to maintenance schedule.



Note

Use RobotStudio *Signal Analyzer* or get technical support from ABB.

- High forces applied externally to the manipulator:

Some applications or not correctly programmed paths apply external forces to the manipulator, which might reduce its lifetime. Example of external force: gripper under constraint when gripping a part or load sharing between multiple robots.

- Number of collisions:

Collisions, especially at high speed and/or with high loads reduce the lifetime of the gearboxes. Avoid collisions and set collision detection sensitivity to the appropriate level.



Note

See the application manual for the controller software, section *Collision detection*, listed in [References on page 7](#).

- Number of emergency stops:

Emergency stops, especially at high speed and/or high loads reduce the lifetime of the gearboxes. Whenever permitted by risk assessment, set the robot stopping functions to stop category 1.



Note

See the product manual for the robot controller, listed in [References on page 7](#).

Continues on next page

Design limitations

See the section *Expected component life* in *Product manual - IRB 6790 Foundry Prime*.

Maintenance

The maintenance and use of the robot will affect the performance and lifetime. For example:

- Preventive maintenance will optimize the lifetime of the robot. The recommended maintenance activities and intervals are described in *Product manual - IRB 6790 Foundry Prime*.
- Observance of lubricant types and maintenance periods recommended by ABB.
- Possible pollution of the lubricant by an external cause, for example, water in the oil caused by high humidity.
- Extreme usage, for example high duty factor or environmental factors, will affect the maintenance schedule, for example, shorter intervals for oil change.

Contact your local ABB office to get technical support from ABB.

Individual lifetime variability

The lifetime varies with individual robots. For example, a cycle with a lower duty factor may fail earlier than one with a higher duty factor. But a cycle with a higher duty factor is more likely to fail earlier than a cycle with lower duty factor.

Extreme usage

Examples of extreme usage in regard to movement: a stress index range that shows up as red (51) in the RobotStudio add-in *Mechanical Analysis*, press tending application, very severe palletizing applications, major use of axis 1, 2, or 3 movement.

The controller can issue a duty factor warning on the FlexPendant, if applicable. See the chapter *Troubleshooting* in *Product manual - IRB 6790 Foundry Prime*.

Extreme usage requires specific maintenance, for example, shorter interval for oil change. See *Maintenance schedule* in *Product manual - IRB 6790 Foundry Prime*.

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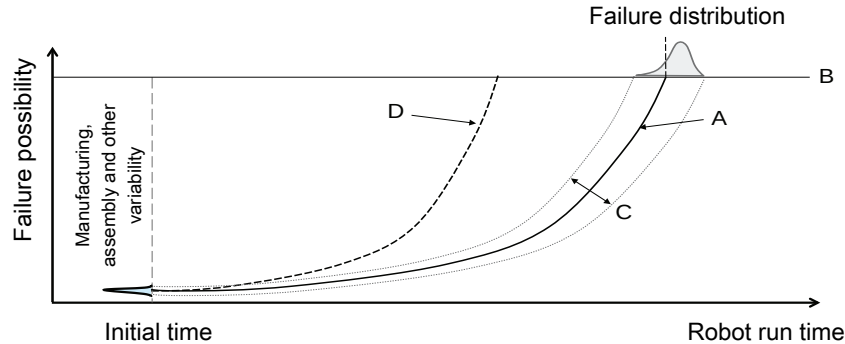
1 Description

1.3 Impacting robot lifetime

Continued

Summary

The diagram illustrates the relationship between robot run time and failure possibility.



xx2500001942

A	Design lifetime
B	Failure threshold
C	Individual variability
D	Negatively affected lifetime

The curve (A) represents the design lifetime, showing how failure probability increases over time following a normal distribution pattern. The failure threshold (B) indicates the point at which component failure becomes likely.

Individual variability between robots is shown by the dotted lines (C), representing the natural variation in component life due to manufacturing, assembly, and other factors. This variability means that while most robots will follow the design lifetime curve, some individual units may experience earlier or later failures within the normal distribution.

As highlighted with the curve (D) in the diagram, robot lifetime can be negatively affected by not following best practices in the key areas discussed in this chapter:

- [Robot type selection on page 14](#)
- [Duty factor on page 14](#)
- [Environmental conditions on page 15](#)
- [Application and usage on page 15](#)
- [Maintenance on page 17](#)

By adhering to the recommendations outlined in each of these sections, users can maximize their robot's operational lifetime and ensure performance stays within the design lifetime curve, avoiding premature failure and unnecessary downtime.

Continues on next page

Available tools

There are several tools available throughout the lifecycle of an ABB robot, from support with selecting the most suitable manipulator and optimizing its lifetime, to operation, maintenance, and repair:

ABB toolbox	Type	Product lifecycle		
		Sales, pre-study	Installation, commissioning	Operation, maintenance, repair
Product specification	Document	x	x	
Product manual	Document		x	x
Mechanical Analysis add-in	Add-in in RobotStudio	x	x	x
Service Information System (SIS) / Condition Based Maintenance (CBM)	RobotWare functionality / Customer service analysis		x	x
Connected Services	Hardware and Software		x	x
Automatic Path Planning	RobotStudio functionality and online software	x	x	(x)
Signal Analyzer / TuneMaster	RobotStudio functionality / Software	x	x	x
ABB support	Customer support	x	x	x

1 Description

1.4.1 Introduction to installation

1.4 Installation

1.4.1 Introduction to installation

General

IRB 6790 are designed for floor mounting (no tilting allowed around X-axis or Y-axis). Depending on the robot version, an end effector with max. weight of 205 to 235 kg including payload, can be mounted on the tool flange (axis 6). See [Load diagrams on page 37](#).

Extra loads

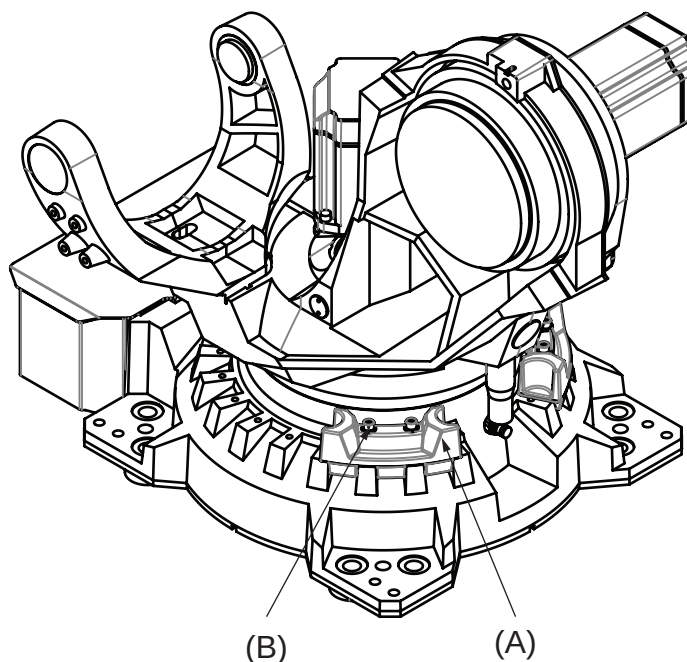
The upper arm can handle an additional load of 50 kg and the frame on axis 1 can handle an additional load of 250 kg.

See [Fitting equipment to the robot on page 46](#).

Working range limitation

To increase the safety of the robot, the working range of axis 1 can be restricted by extra mechanical stops.

Two stops which allow the working range to be restricted in increments of 15°.



xx1400002035

Pos	Description
A	Two mechanical stops
B	Bolt tightening torque: 60 Nm ⁱ

ⁱ In corrosive environment exchange bolts to stainless steel variants.

Explosive environments

The robot must not be located or operated in an explosive environment.

1.4.2 Technical data

Weight, robot

The table shows the weight of the robot.

Robot model	Weight
IRB 6790	1300 kg



Note

The weight does not include tools and other equipment fitted on the robot.

Mounting positions

The table shows valid mounting options for the manipulator.

Mounting option	Installation angle	Note
Floor mounted	0°	



Note

The actual mounting angle must always be configured in the system parameters, otherwise the performance and lifetime is affected. See the product manual for details.

Continues on next page

1 Description

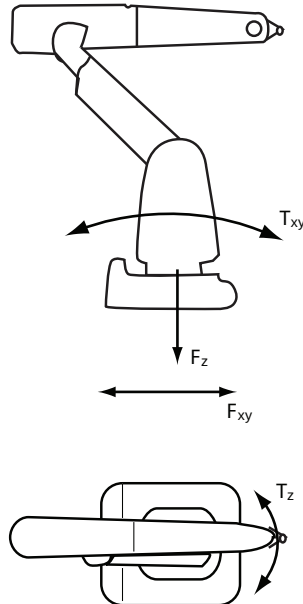
1.4.2 Technical data

Continued

Loads on foundation, robot

The illustration shows the directions of the robots stress forces.

The directions are valid for all floor mounted, suspended and inverted robots.



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F_{xy}	Force in any direction in the XY plane
F_z	Force in the Z plane
T_{xy}	Bending torque in any direction in the XY plane
T_z	Bending torque in the Z plane

The table shows the various forces and torques working on the robot during different kinds of operation.



Note

These forces and torques are extreme values that are rarely encountered during operation. The values also never reach their maximum at the same time!



WARNING

The robot installation is restricted to the mounting options given in following load table(s).

Floor mounted

Force	Endurance load (in operation)	Max. load (emergency stop)
Force xy	± 7.4 kN	± 19.8 kN
Force z	14.6 ± 4.5 kN	14.6 ± 15.7 kN
Torque xy	± 21.0 kNm	± 37.1 kNm
Torque z	± 5.0 kNm	± 11.4 kNm

Continues on next page

Requirements, foundation

The table shows the requirements for the foundation where the weight of the installed robot is included:

Requirement	Value	Note
Flatness of foundation surface	0.3 mm	Flat foundations give better repeatability of the resolver calibration compared to original settings on delivery from ABB. The value for levelness aims at the circumstance of the anchoring points in the robot base. In order to compensate for an uneven surface, the robot can be recalibrated during installation. If resolver/encoder calibration is changed this will influence the absolute accuracy.
Minimum resonance frequency	22 Hz  Note It may affect the manipulator life-time to have a lower resonance frequency than recommended.	The value is recommended for optimal performance. Due to foundation stiffness, consider robot mass including equipment. ⁱ For information about compensating for foundation flexibility, see the application manual of the controller software, section <i>Motion Process Mode</i> .

- ⁱ The minimum resonance frequency given should be interpreted as the frequency of the robot mass/inertia, robot assumed stiff, when a foundation translational/torsional elasticity is added, i.e., the stiffness of the pedestal where the robot is mounted. The minimum resonance frequency should not be interpreted as the resonance frequency of the building, floor etc. For example, if the equivalent mass of the floor is very high, it will not affect robot movement, even if the frequency is well below the stated frequency. The robot should be mounted as rigid as possibly to the floor.
Disturbances from other machinery will affect the robot and the tool accuracy. The robot has resonance frequencies in the region 10 – 20 Hz and disturbances in this region will be amplified, although somewhat damped by the servo control. This might be a problem, depending on the requirements from the applications. If this is a problem, the robot needs to be isolated from the environment.

Storage conditions, robot

The table shows the allowed storage conditions for the robot:

Parameter	Value
Minimum ambient temperature	-25 °C (-13 °F)
Maximum ambient temperature	+55 °C (+131 °F)
Maximum ambient temperature (less than 24 hrs)	+70 °C (+158 °F)
Maximum ambient humidity	100% at constant temperature (gaseous only)

Operating conditions, robot

The table shows the allowed operating conditions for the robot:

Parameter	Value
Minimum ambient temperature	+5 °C ⁱ (41 °F)
Maximum ambient temperature	+50 °C (122 °F)

Continues on next page

1 Description

1.4.2 Technical data

Continued

Parameter	Value
Maximum ambient humidity	100% at constant temperature (gaseous only).

i At low environmental temperature (below 10° C) a warm-up phase is recommended to be run with the robot. Otherwise there is a risk that the robot stops or runs with lower performance due to temperature dependent oil and grease viscosity.

Operating environment, robot

Robots with protection type Foundry Prime are specially designed to work in harsh environments, but special measures are required in regard to temperatures, pH values, jet pressure etc. in the operating environment. In addition to the information in this section, also see section Cleaning in the *Product manual - IRB 6790 Foundry Prime* for general requirements for cleaning. The same requirements are valid for washing applications. More information also in [Foundry Prime on page 9](#).

Special instructions for washing environment

- Washing and cleaning detergents with corrosion inhibitor is recommended.
- Corrosive environment are also depending on tap water quality. To avoid risk with tap water quality, deionized water is recommended together with detergent.
- Do not use washing detergents containing organic acids, e.g. acetic acid.
- Do not use washing detergents containing pure acids such as nitric acid or phosphoric acid. Pure concentrated acids such as undiluted pure nitric acid can alter the surface of plastic and stainless steel materials. Exposure to nitric acid or phosphoric acid can result in subsequent cracks or discoloration.
- Do not use aggressive alkaline cleaning to clean aluminium and plastic parts as even low concentrations can cause considerable changes to the surface of such parts where high temperatures are involved.
- Avoid agents that contain chlorine as far as possible, because they can have a corrosive or damaging effect on stainless steel and plastics even when used in small quantities.
- The washing detergent must be cleansed continuously.
- The detergent pH value and concentration must be checked regularly.
- Allowed pH of the washing detergent is 7-10.

Washing detergent with pH 6-7 is allowed for short periods, provided all parts of the robot are rinsed properly with tap water afterwards.

- The user must follow the recommendations regarding detergent concentration and pH value.
- Recommendations given by the detergent manufacturer for the specific detergent in question must be followed.



Note

If the pH value or the detergent concentration is varying from its original specification, it can become very corrosive.

Continues on next page

List of usable detergents

Following list shows recommended examples of detergent brands and types:

- BP Castrol - Techniclean CPL
- BP Castrol - Hyspray A1536 (MQL fatty alcohol oil)
- Quaker - Quakerclean 624CP
- Petrofer - Ferroclean N 404
- Petrofer - Ferroclean N 600
- Petrofer - Ferroclean N 412
- Petrofer - Isocut VG10 BW
- Oemeta - Hycut 46
- Oemeta - Hycut SE 12

To use detergents not listed, a detergent resistant test is recommended to avoid compromising the robot or key component life. Contact ABB Robotics for further information.

Prohibited detergents

Following detergents have been detected during detergent tests to severely damage manipulator sealings and should be avoided. The list is not exclusive, i.e. there may be other detergents that cause damage, as well. It is recommended to perform a detergent resistant test to avoid compromising the robot or key component life. Contact ABB Robotics for further information.

Detergent	Brand
Cutting fluid	Emulcut 160 BW

Temperature of cleaning bath

- Maximum temperature <60°C.
Ambient temperature must not be higher than +50°C (122°F).

Protection classes, robot

The table shows the available protection types of the robot, with the corresponding protection class.

Protection type	Protection class ⁱ
Manipulator, protection type Foundry Prime	IP69 ⁱⁱ

ⁱ According to IEC 60529.

ⁱⁱ Includes all manipulator electrical compartments, excludes the Harting connector on the connection panel which is IP67.

Available mounting options

	Description
Mounting	IRB 6790: Floor-mounted manipulator

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1 Description

1.4.2 Technical data

Continued

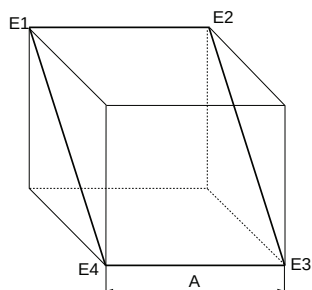
Other technical data

Data	Description	Note
Airborne noise level	The sound pressure level outside the working space.	< 71 dB (A) Leq (acc. to machinery directive 2006/42/EG)

Power consumption at max load

Type of movement	235/2.65	205/2.80
ISO Cube Max. velocity (kW)	2.8	2.8

Robot in calibration position	235/2.65	205/2.80
Brakes engaged (kW)	0.24	0.24
Brakes disengaged (kW)	0.87	0.87



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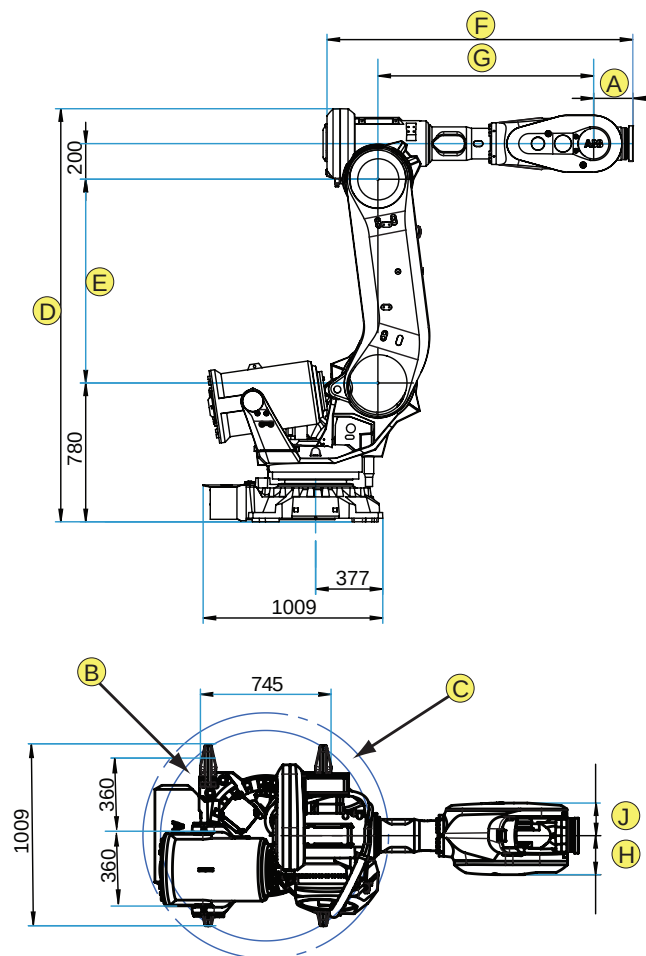
Pos	Description
A	1,000 mm

Power factor ($\cos \varphi$)

The power factor is above 0.95 at a steady state power consumption higher than 2.0 kW, when the IRB 6790 is connected to the OmniCore V line.

Continues on next page

Main dimensions of IRB 6790



xx1300000241

Pos	Description
A	200 mm
B	Radius ax1, front = 532 mm
C	Radius ax1, back = 633 mm

Robot variant	D	E	F	G	H	J
IRB 6790 - 235/2.65	2300	1135	1670	1,182.5	209	186
IRB 6790 - 205/2.80	2445	1280	1670	1,182.5	186	209

1 Description

1.4.3 Assembling the manipulator

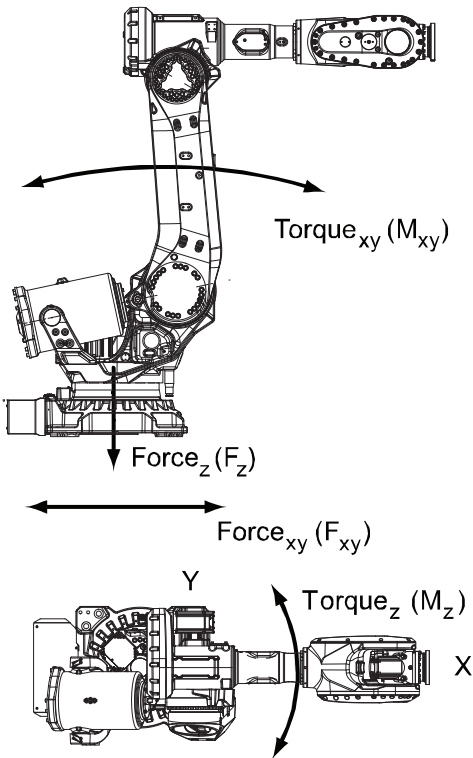
1.4.3 Assembling the manipulator

Maximum load

Maximum load in relation to the base coordinate system.

Floor mounted

Force	Endurance load (in operation)	Max. load (emergency stop)
Force xy	$\pm 7.4 \text{ kN}$	$\pm 19.8 \text{ kN}$
Force z	$14.6 \pm 4.5 \text{ kN}$	$14.6 \pm 15.7 \text{ kN}$
Torque xy	$\pm 21.0 \text{ kNm}$	$\pm 37.1 \text{ kNm}$
Torque z	$\pm 5.0 \text{ kNm}$	$\pm 11.4 \text{ kNm}$



xx1300000242

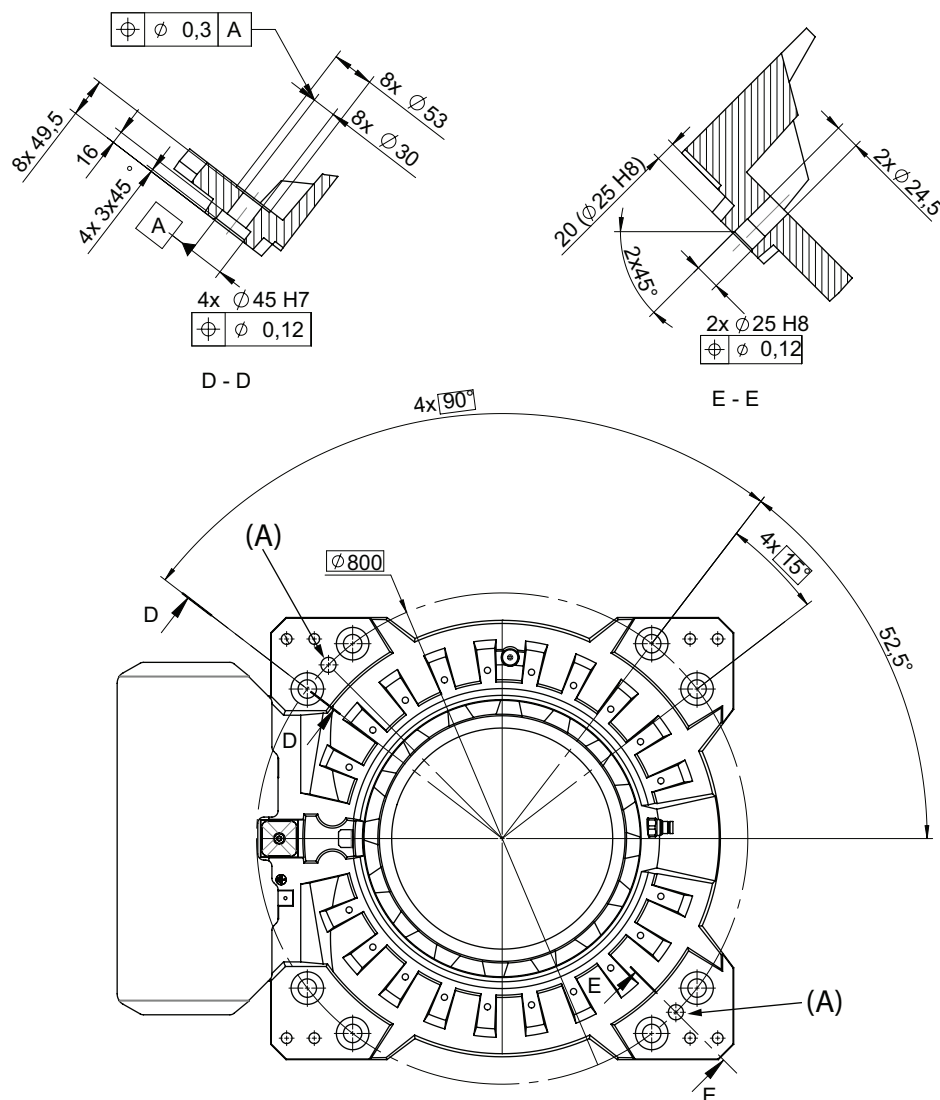
Note regarding M_{xy} and F_{xy}

The bending torque (M_{xy}) can occur in any direction in the XY-plane of the base coordinate system.

The same applies to the transverse force (F_{xy}).

Continues on next page

Fastening holes robot base - for all variants



xx1300000243

Pos	Description
A	Holes for guide pins (x2)

Fastener quality

Suitable screws:	M24 x 100 ⁱ
Quality:	8.8
Screw tightening yield point utilization factor (v) (according to VDI2230):	90% (v=0.9)
Suitable washer:	4 mm flat washer ⁱ
Tightening torque:	550 Nm (screws lubricated with Molykote 1000) 600-725 Nm, typical 650 Nm (screws none or lightly lubricated)

ⁱ Stainless steel versions recommended in corrosive environments.

Continues on next page

1 Description

1.4.3 Assembling the manipulator

Continued



Note

Only two guide pins shall be used.

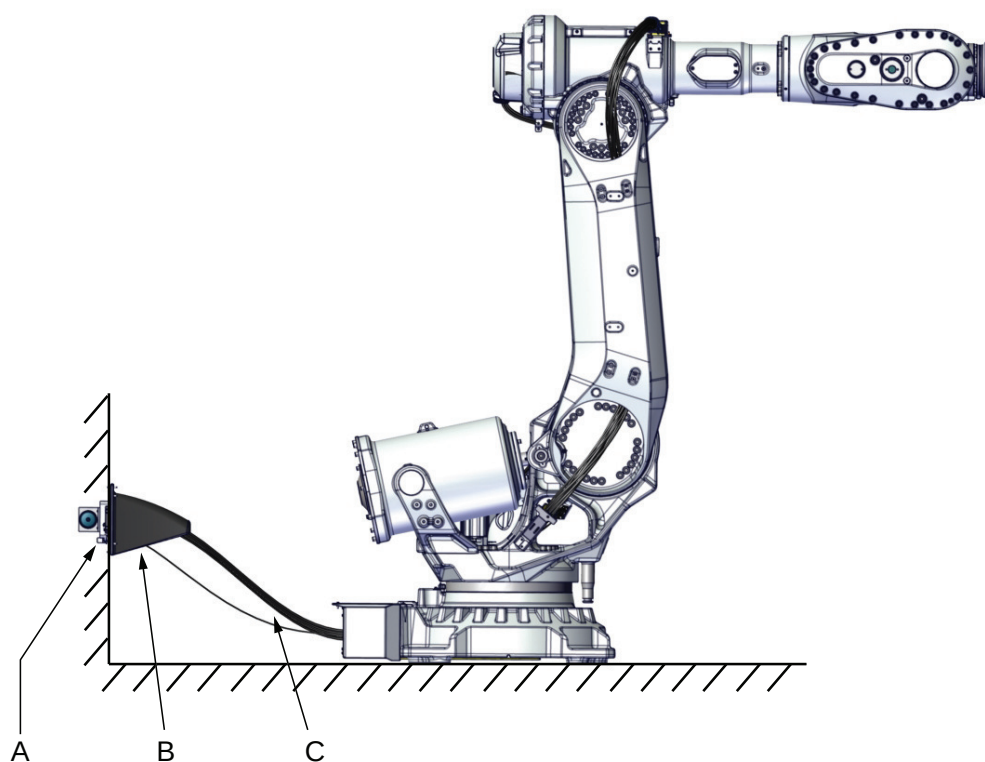
AbsAcc performance

Regarding AbsAcc performance, the use of guide pins are mandatory.

Installation on a coherent and conductive structure

The manipulator must be installed on a coherent and conductive metallic structure which reaches the connector point on the wall (unbroken, to be able to connect to ground). The connector point is installed on the outside (dry) wall to protect the connectors from detergents. The flow sensor at the connection point does not withstand fluids.

Protect the interface plate from direct or indirect spray with the harness/interface cover. Put the interface plate where it is not subject to direct or indirect spray.



xx1700001180

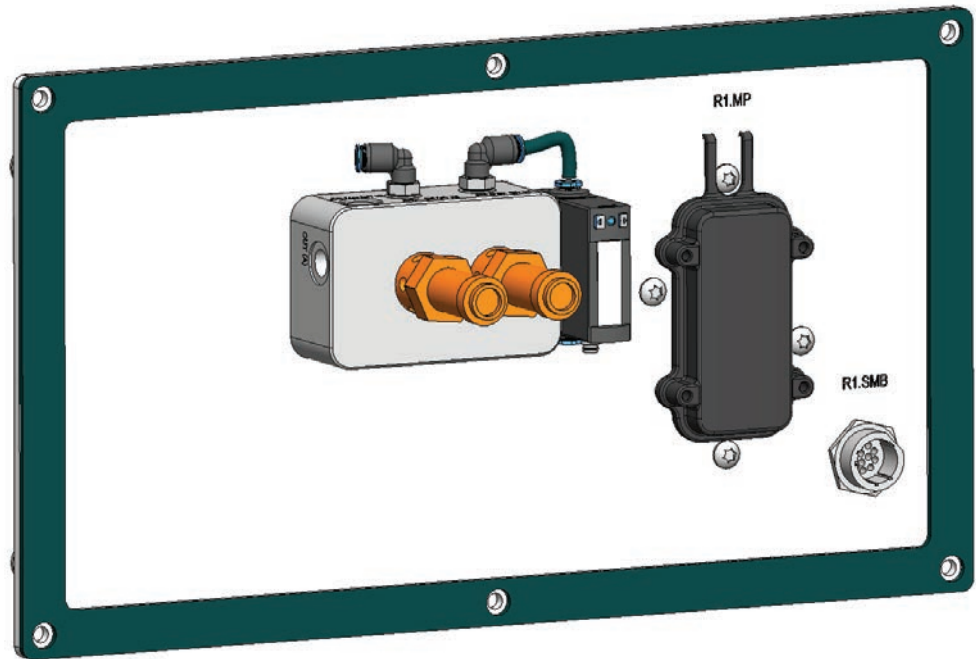
A	Connector point / interface plate
B	Harness/interface cover
C	Cables between interface plate and manipulator base (5 m)

1.4.4 Overpressure system

Overpressure system

The system is equipped with an overpressure device and a flow sensor.

The control system will alert if the air leakage exceeds the preset value.



xx2400000735

Air preparation unit components

Components such as oil absorber, air dryer and pressure regulator are not included in the delivery of the overpressure system.

1 Description

1.5.1 Calibration methods

1.5 Calibration and references

1.5.1 Calibration methods

Overview

This section specifies the different types of calibration and the calibration methods that are supplied by ABB.

More information is available in the product manual.

Types of calibration

Type of calibration	Description	Calibration method
Standard calibration	The calibrated robot is positioned at calibration position. Standard calibration data is found on the SMB (serial measurement board) or EIB in the robot.	Axis Calibration
Absolute accuracy calibration (optional)	Based on standard calibration, and besides positioning the robot at synchronization position, the Absolute accuracy calibration also compensates for: - Mechanical tolerances in the robot structure - Deflection due to load Absolute accuracy calibration focuses on positioning accuracy in the Cartesian coordinate system for the robot. Absolute accuracy calibration data is found on the serial measurement board (SMB) or other robot memory. A robot calibrated with Absolute accuracy has the option information printed on its name plate (OmniCore). To regain 100% Absolute accuracy performance, the robot must be recalibrated for absolute accuracy after repair or maintenance that affects the mechanical structure.	CalibWare

Brief description of calibration methods

Axis Calibration method

Axis Calibration is a standard calibration method for calibration of IRB 6790 . It is the recommended method in order to achieve proper performance.

The following routines are available for the Axis Calibration method:

- Fine calibration
- Update revolution counters
- Reference calibration

The calibration equipment for Axis Calibration is delivered as a toolkit.

The actual instructions of how to perform the calibration procedure and what to do at each step is given on the FlexPendant. You will be guided through the calibration procedure, step by step.

Continues on next page

CalibWare - Absolute Accuracy calibration

The CalibWare tool guides through the calibration process and calculates new compensation parameters. This is further detailed in the *Application manual - CalibWare Field*.

If a service operation is done to a robot with the option Absolute Accuracy, a new absolute accuracy calibration is required in order to establish full performance. For most cases after replacements that do not include taking apart the robot structure, standard calibration is sufficient.

The Absolute Accuracy option varies according to the robot mounting position. This is printed on the robot name plate for each robot. The robot must be in the correct mounting position when it is recalibrated for absolute accuracy.

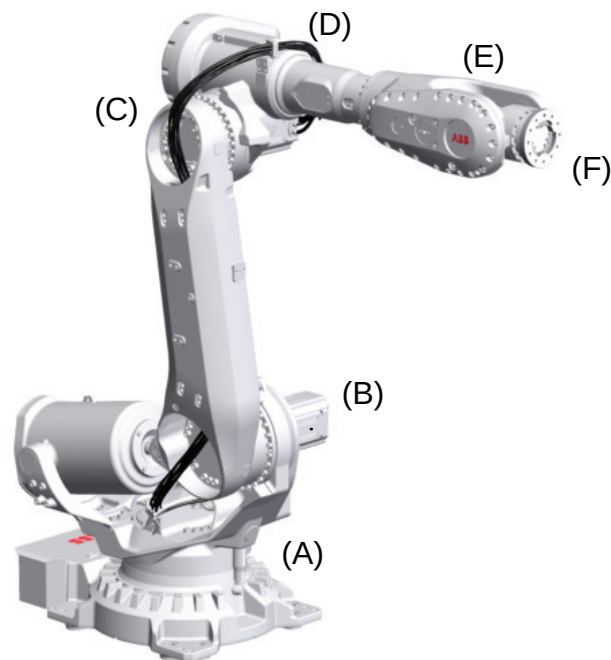
1 Description

1.5.2 Fine calibration

1.5.2 Fine calibration

General

The fine calibration is done with the Axis calibration method.



xx1300000244

Axes

Pos	Description	Pos	Description
A	Axis 1	B	Axis 2
C	Axis 3	D	Axis 4
E	Axis 5	F	Axis 6

1.5.3 Absolute Accuracy calibration

Purpose

Absolute Accuracy is a calibration concept that improves TCP accuracy. The difference between an ideal robot and a real robot can be several millimeters, resulting from mechanical tolerances and deflection in the robot structure. *Absolute Accuracy* compensates for these differences.

Here are some examples of when this accuracy is important:

- Exchangeability of robots
- Offline programming with no or minimum touch-up
- Online programming with accurate movement and reorientation of tool
- Programming with accurate offset movement in relation to, for example, vision systems or offset programming
- Re-use of programs between applications

The option *Absolute Accuracy* is integrated in the controller algorithms and does not need external equipment or calculation.



Note

The performance data is applicable to the corresponding RobotWare version of the individual robot.



Note

Singularities might appear in slightly different positions on a real robot compared to RobotStudio, where *Absolute Accuracy* is off compared to the real controller.

What is included

Every *Absolute Accuracy* robot is delivered with:

- compensation parameters saved in the robot memory
- a birth certificate representing the *Absolute Accuracy* measurement protocol for the calibration and verification sequence.

A robot with *Absolute Accuracy* calibration has a label with this information on the manipulator.

Absolute Accuracy supports floor mounted, wall mounted, and ceiling mounted installations. The compensation parameters that are saved in the robot memory differ depending on which *Absolute Accuracy* option is selected.

When is *Absolute Accuracy* being used

Absolute Accuracy works on a robot target in Cartesian coordinates, not on the individual joints. Therefore, joint based movements (e.g. MoveAbsJ) will not be affected.

If the robot is inverted, the *Absolute Accuracy* calibration must be performed when the robot is inverted.

Continues on next page

1 Description

1.5.3 Absolute Accuracy calibration

Continued

Absolute Accuracy active

Absolute Accuracy will be active in the following cases:

- Any motion function based on robtargets (e.g. MoveL) and ModPos on robtargets
- Reorientation jogging
- Linear jogging
- Tool definition (4, 5, 6 point tool definition, room fixed TCP, stationary tool)
- Work object definition

Absolute Accuracy not active

The following are examples of when Absolute Accuracy is not active:

- Any motion function based on a jointtarget (MoveAbsJ)
- Independent joint
- Joint based jogging
- Additional axes
- Track motion



Note

In a robot system with, for example, an additional axis or track motion, the Absolute Accuracy is active for the manipulator but not for the additional axis or track motion.

RAPID instructions

There are no RAPID instructions included in this option.

Production data

Typical production data regarding calibration are:

Robot	Positioning accuracy (mm)		
	Average	Max	% Within 1 mm
IRB 6790-235/2.55	0.35	0.75	100
IRB 6790-205/2.80	0.35	0.75	100

1.6 Load diagrams

1.6.1 Introduction



WARNING

It is very important to always define correct actual load data and correct payload of the robot. Incorrect definitions of load data can result in overloading of the robot.

If incorrect load data is used, and/or if loads outside the load diagram are used, the following parts can be damaged due to overload:

- motors
- gearboxes
- mechanical structure



WARNING

In RobotWare, the service routine LoadIdentify can be used to determine correct load parameters. The routine automatically defines the tool and the load.

See *Operating manual - OmniCore*, for detailed information.



WARNING

Robots running with incorrect load data and/or with loads outside the load diagram, will not be covered by robot warranty.

General

The load diagrams include a nominal payload inertia, J_0 of 15 kgm², and an extra load of 50 kg at the upper arm housing.

At different moment of inertia the load diagram will be changed. For robots that are allowed tilted, wall or inverted mounted, the load diagrams as given are valid and thus it is also possible to use RobotLoad within those tilt and axis limits.

Control of load case with RobotLoad

To verify a specific load case, use the RobotStudio add-in RobotLoad.

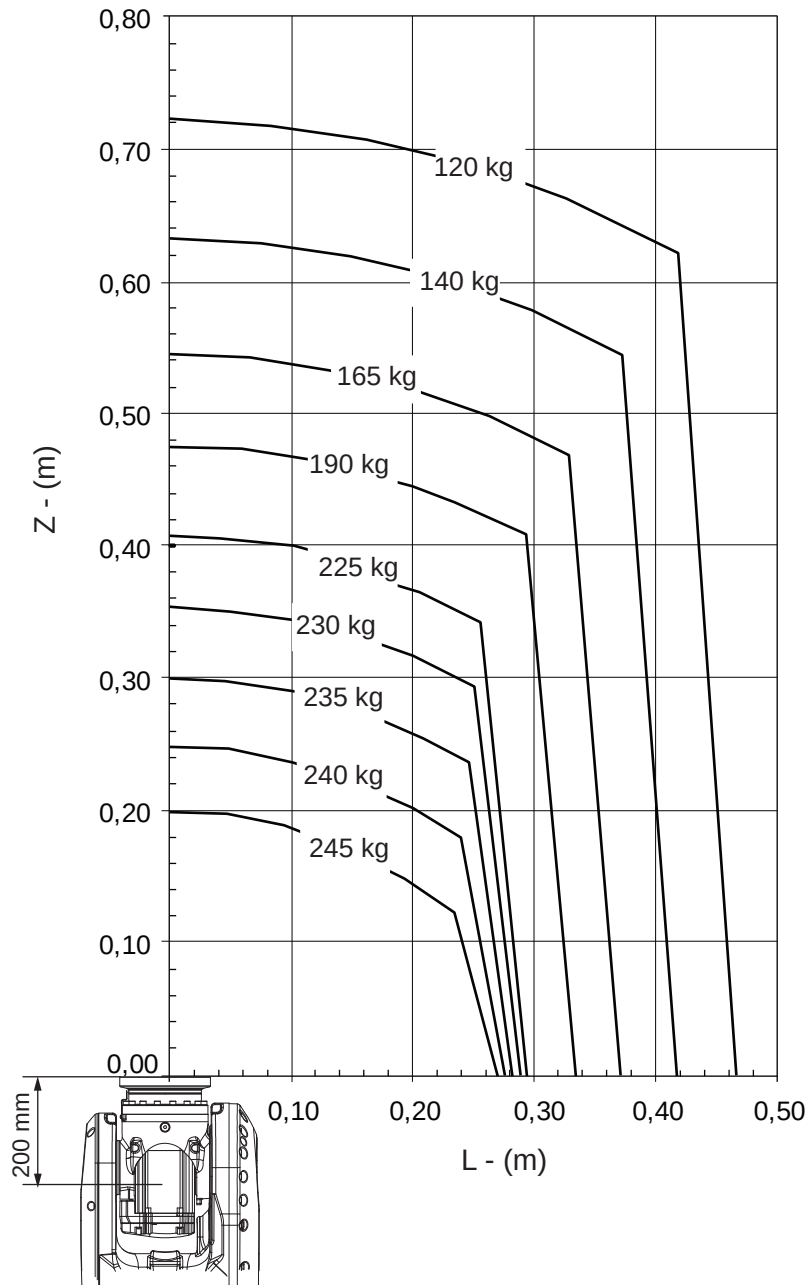
The result from RobotLoad is only valid within the maximum loads and tilt angles. There is no warning if the maximum permitted arm load is exceeded. For over-load cases and special applications, contact ABB for further analysis.

1 Description

1.6.2 Diagrams

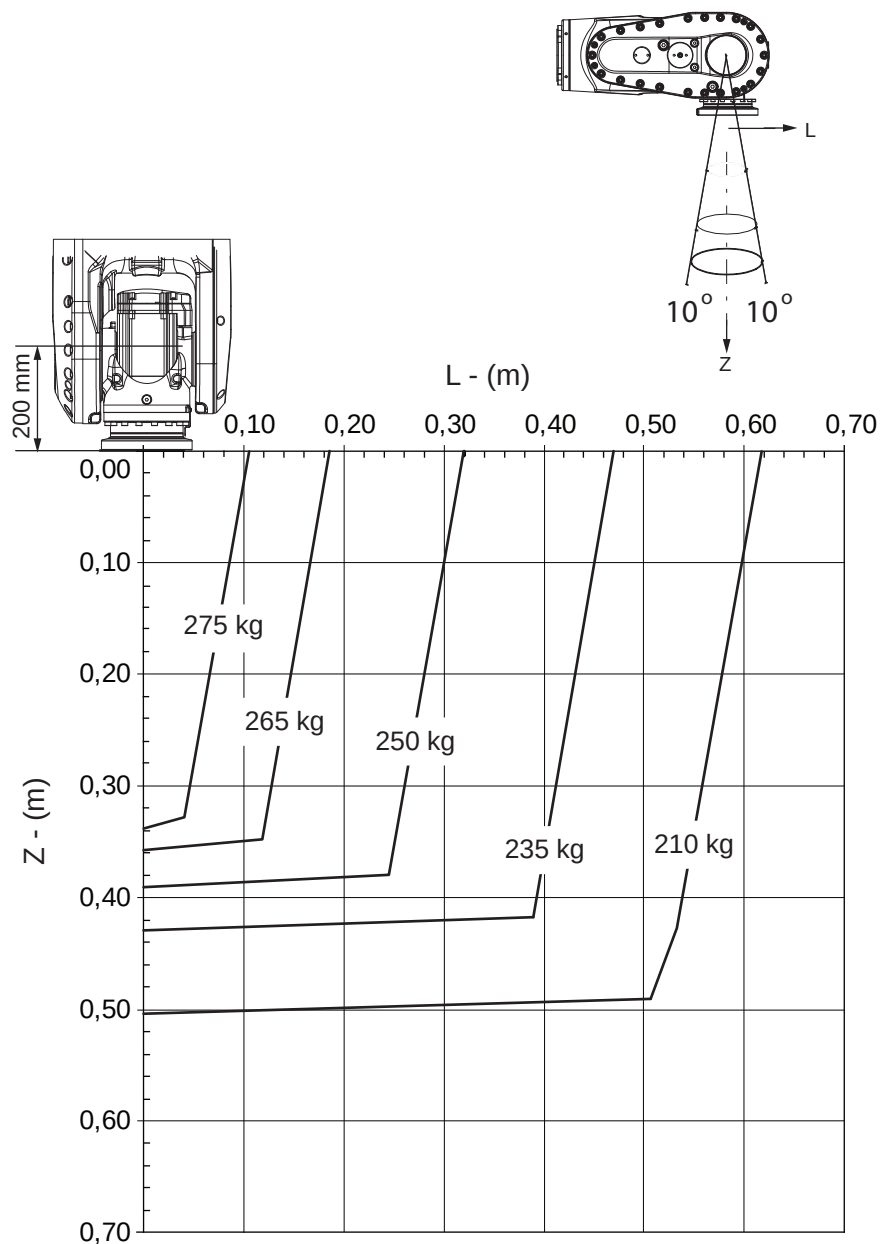
1.6.2 Diagrams

IRB 6790-235/2.65



xx1300000245

Continues on next page

IRB 6790-235/2.65 "Vertical Wrist" ($\pm 10^\circ$)

xx1300000246

For wrist down (0° deviation from the vertical line).

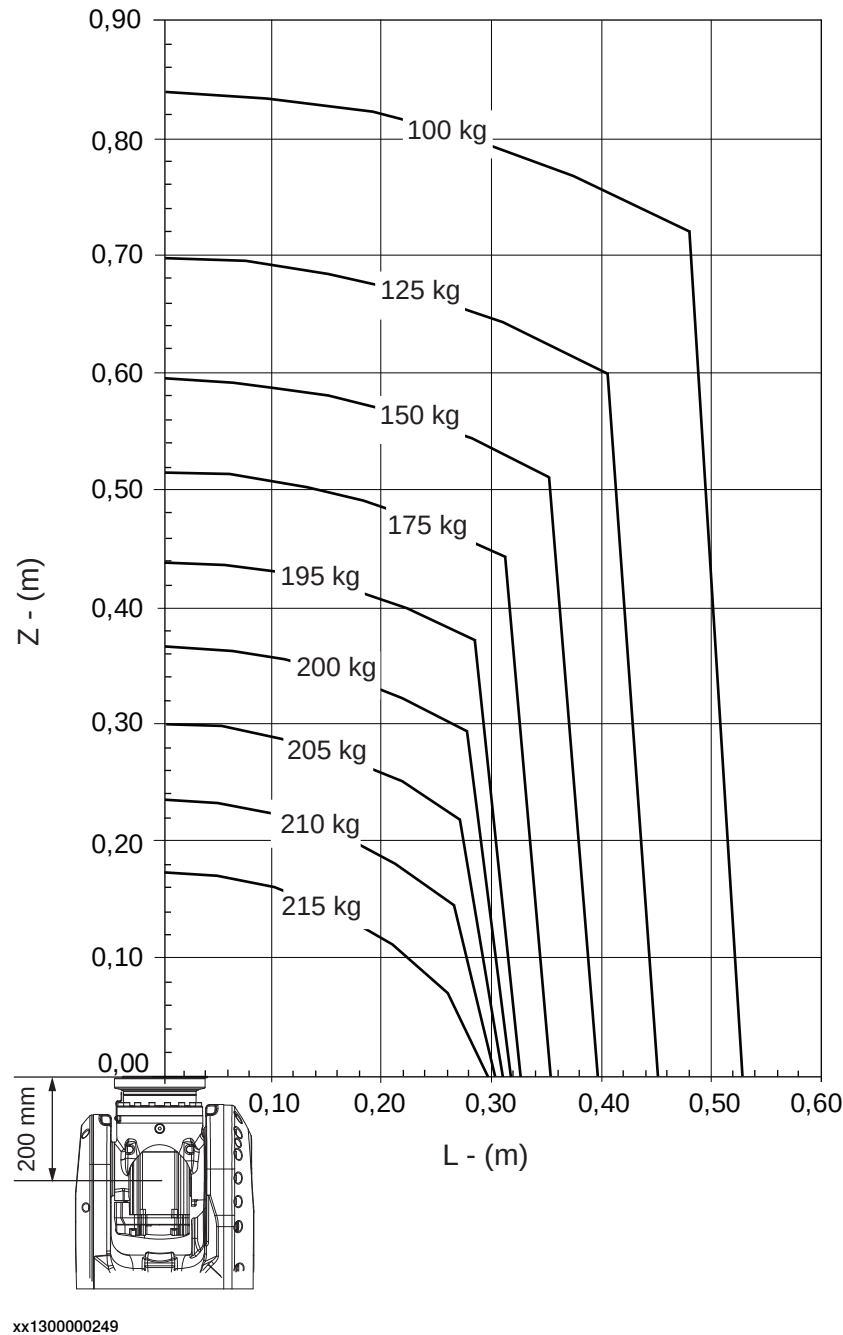
	Description
Max load	280 kg
$Z_{\max}$	0.327 m
$L_{\max}$	0.100 m

Continues on next page

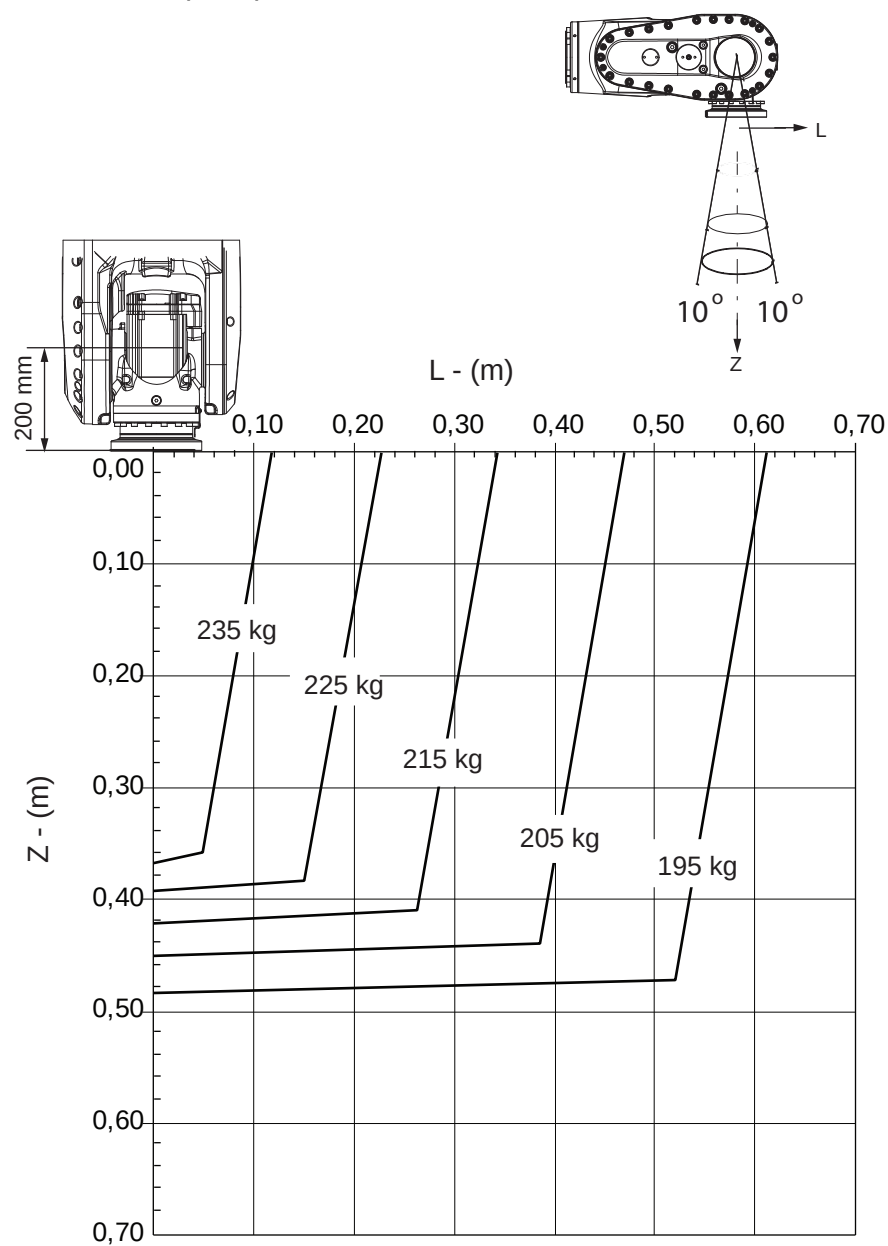
1 Description

1.6.2 Diagrams
Continued

IRB 6790-205/2.80



Continues on next page

IRB 6790-205/2.80 "Vertical Wrist" ($\pm 10^\circ$)

xx1300000250

For wrist down (0° deviation from the vertical line).

	Description
Max load	240 kg
$Z_{\max}$	0.355 m
$L_{\max}$	0.103 m

1 Description

1.6.3 Maximum load and moment of inertia for full and limited axis 5 (center line down) movement

1.6.3 Maximum load and moment of inertia for full and limited axis 5 (center line down) movement

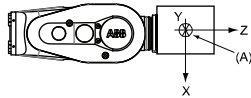


Note

Total load given as: mass in kg, center of gravity (Z and L) in meters and moment of inertia (J_{ox} , J_{oy} , J_{oz}) in kgm^2 . $L = \sqrt{X^2 + Y^2}$, see the following figure.

Full movement of axis 5 ($\pm 130^\circ$)

Axis	Robot type	Maximum moment of inertia
5	IRB 6790-235/2.65 IRB 6790-205/2.80	$Ja_5 = \text{Load} \times ((Z + 0,200)^2 + L^2) + \max(J_{ox}, J_{oy}) \leq 250 \text{ kgm}^2$
6	IRB 6790-235/2.65 IRB 6790-205/2.80	$Ja_6 = \text{Load} \times L^2 + J_{oz} \leq 185 \text{ kgm}^2$



xx1400002028

Pos	Description
A	Center of gravity

	Description
J_{ox} , J_{oy} , J_{oz}	Max. moment of inertia around the X, Y and Z axes at center of gravity.

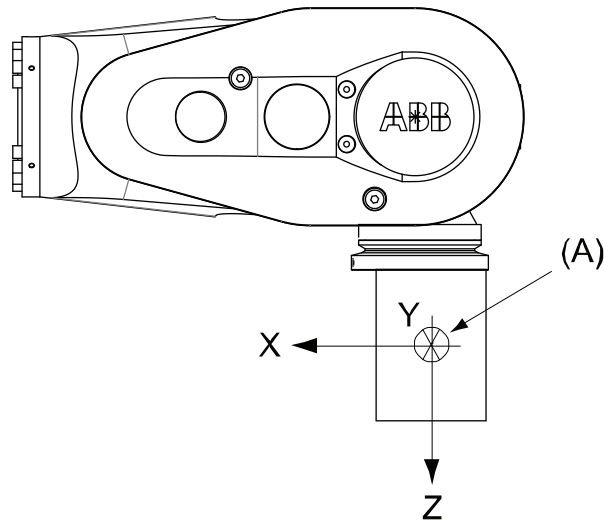
Continues on next page

1.6.3 Maximum load and moment of inertia for full and limited axis 5 (center line down) movement

Continued

Limited axis 5, center line down

Axis	Robot type	Maximum moment of inertia
5	IRB 6790-235/2.65 IRB 6790-205/2.80	$J_{a5} = \text{Load} \times ((Z + 0,200)^2 + L^2) + \max(J_{0x}, J_{0y}) \leq 275 \text{ kgm}^2$
6	IRB 6790-235/2.65 IRB 6790-205/2.80	$J_{a6} = \text{Load} \times L^2 + J_{0z} \leq 250 \text{ kgm}^2$



xx1400002029

Pos	Description
A	Center of gravity
Description	
J_{0x}, J_{0y}, J_{0z}	Max. moment of inertia around the X, Y and Z axes at center of gravity.

1 Description

1.6.4 Wrist torque

1.6.4 Wrist torque



Note

The wrist torque values are for reference only, and should not be used for calculating permitted load offset (position of center of gravity) within the load diagram, since those also are limited by main axes torques as well as dynamic loads. Furthermore, arm loads will influence the permitted load diagram. To find the absolute limits of the load diagram, use the RobotStudio add-in RobotLoad.

Torque

The table below shows the maximum permissible torque due to payload.

Robot type	Max wrist torque axis 4 and 5	Max wrist torque axis 6	Max torque valid at load
IRB 6790-235/2.65	1324 Nm	650 Nm	225 kg
IRB 6790-205/2.80	1263 Nm	625 Nm	192 kg

1.6.5 Maximum TCP acceleration

General

Higher values can be reached with lower loads than the nominal because of our dynamical motion control QuickMove2. For specific values in the unique customer cycle, or for robots not listed in the table below, we recommend to use RobotStudio.

Maximum Cartesian design acceleration for nominal loads

Robot type	E-stop Max acceleration at nominal load COG [m/s ²]	Controlled Motion Max acceleration at nominal load COG [m/s ²]
IRB 6790 - 235/2.65	41	22
IRB 6790 - 205/2.8	45	24



Note

Acceleration levels for emergency stop and controlled motion includes acceleration due to gravitational forces. Nominal load is defined with nominal mass and cog with max offset in Z and L (see the load diagram).

1 Description

1.7 Fitting equipment to the robot

1.7 Fitting equipment to the robot

General

Extra loads can be fitted on the upper arm housing, the lower arm, and on the frame. Definitions of distances and masses are shown in the following figures. The robot is supplied with holes for fitting extra equipment (see figure in [Holes for fitting extra equipment on page 49](#)). Maximum allowed arm load depends on center of gravity of arm load and robot payload.



Note

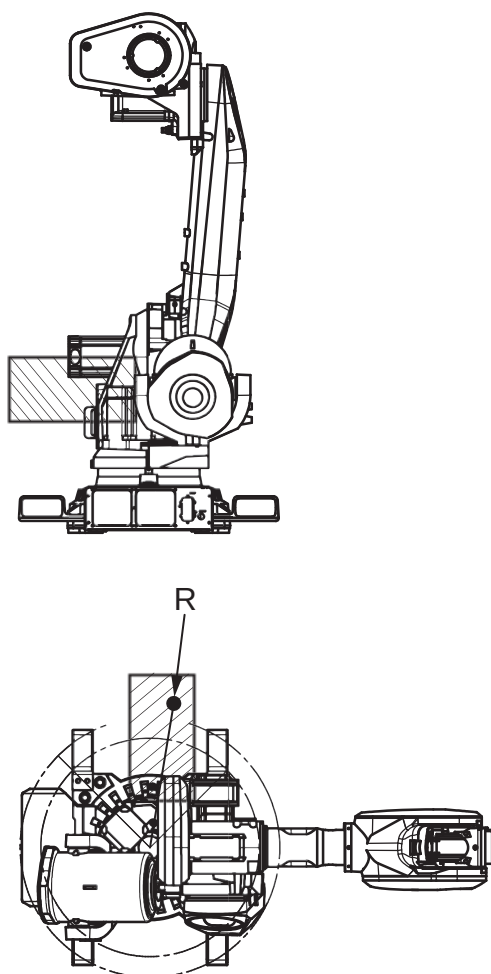
All equipment and cables used on the robot, must be designed and fitted not to damage the robot and/or its parts.

Frame (hip load)

Extra load can be fitted on the frame.

	Description
Permitted extra load on frame	$J_H = 100 \text{ kgm}^2$
Recommended position (see the following figure)	$J_H = J_{H0} + M4 \times R^2$ where: • J_{H0} is the moment of inertia of the equipment • R is the radius (m) from the center of axis 1 • $M4$ is the total mass (kg) of the equipment including bracket and harness ($\leq 250 \text{ kg}$)

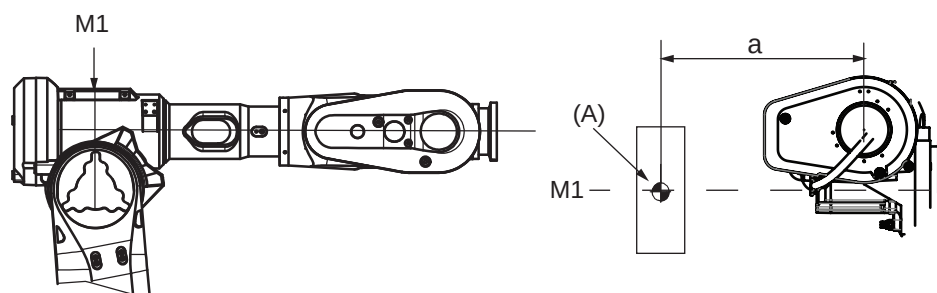
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xx1300000262

Upper arm

Allowed extra load on the upper arm housing, in addition to the maximum handling weight, is $M1 \leq 50 \text{ kg}$ with a distance (a) $\leq 500 \text{ mm}$ from the center of gravity in the axis-3 extension.



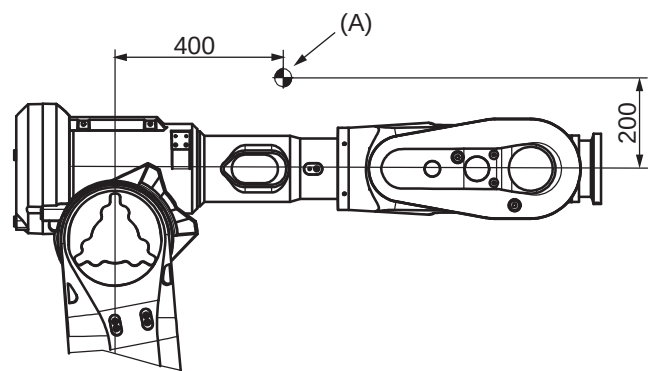
xx1400002019

A	Mass center
---	-------------

Continues on next page

1 Description

1.7 Fitting equipment to the robot
Continued



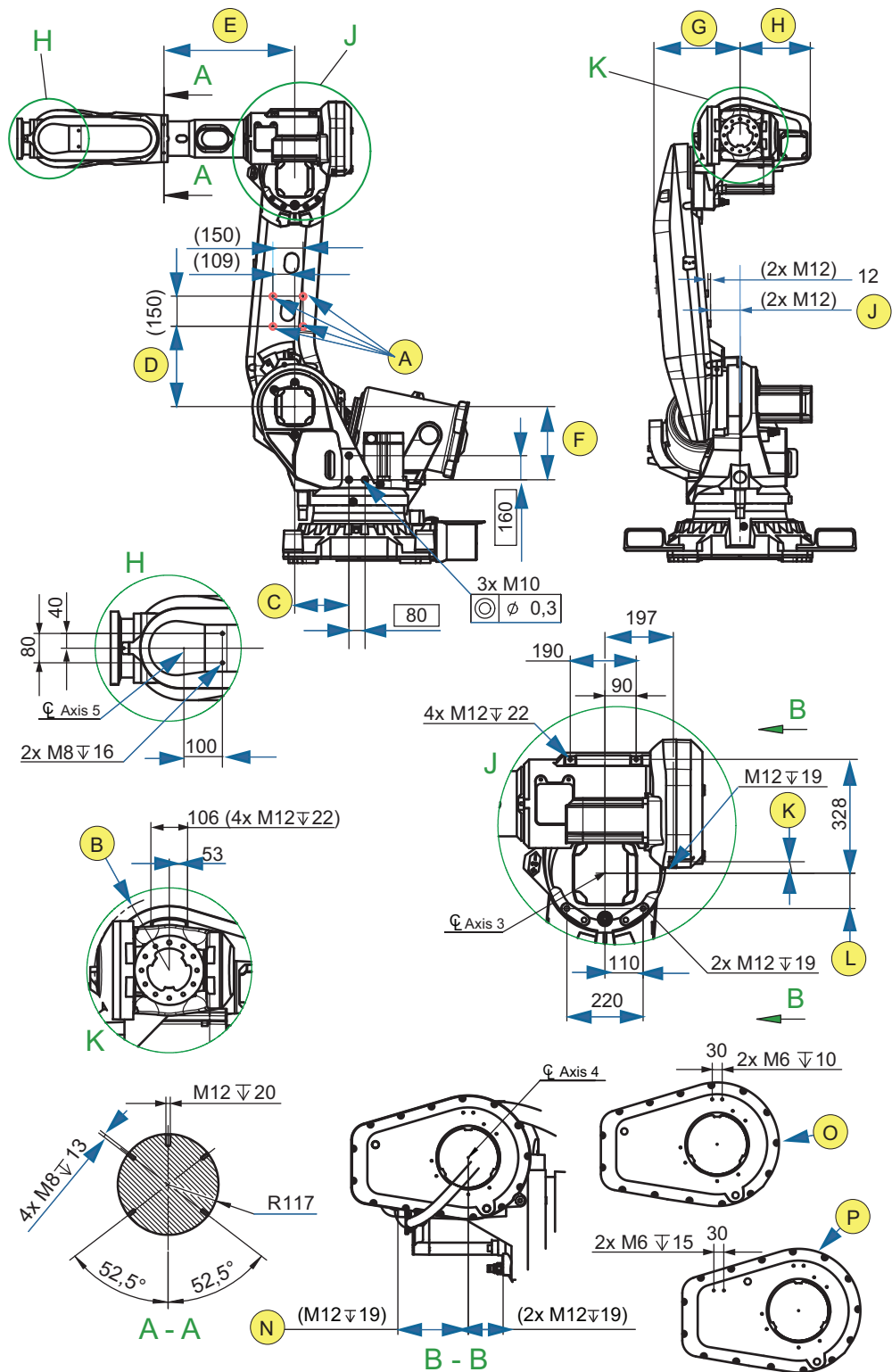
xx1300000866

A	Center of gravity 50 kg
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Continues on next page

Holes for fitting extra equipment

Position of attachment holes - drawing 1



xx1300000263

A	Allowed position for attachment holes, M12 through. Be careful not to touch the cables when drilling.
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Continues on next page

1 Description

1.7 Fitting equipment to the robot

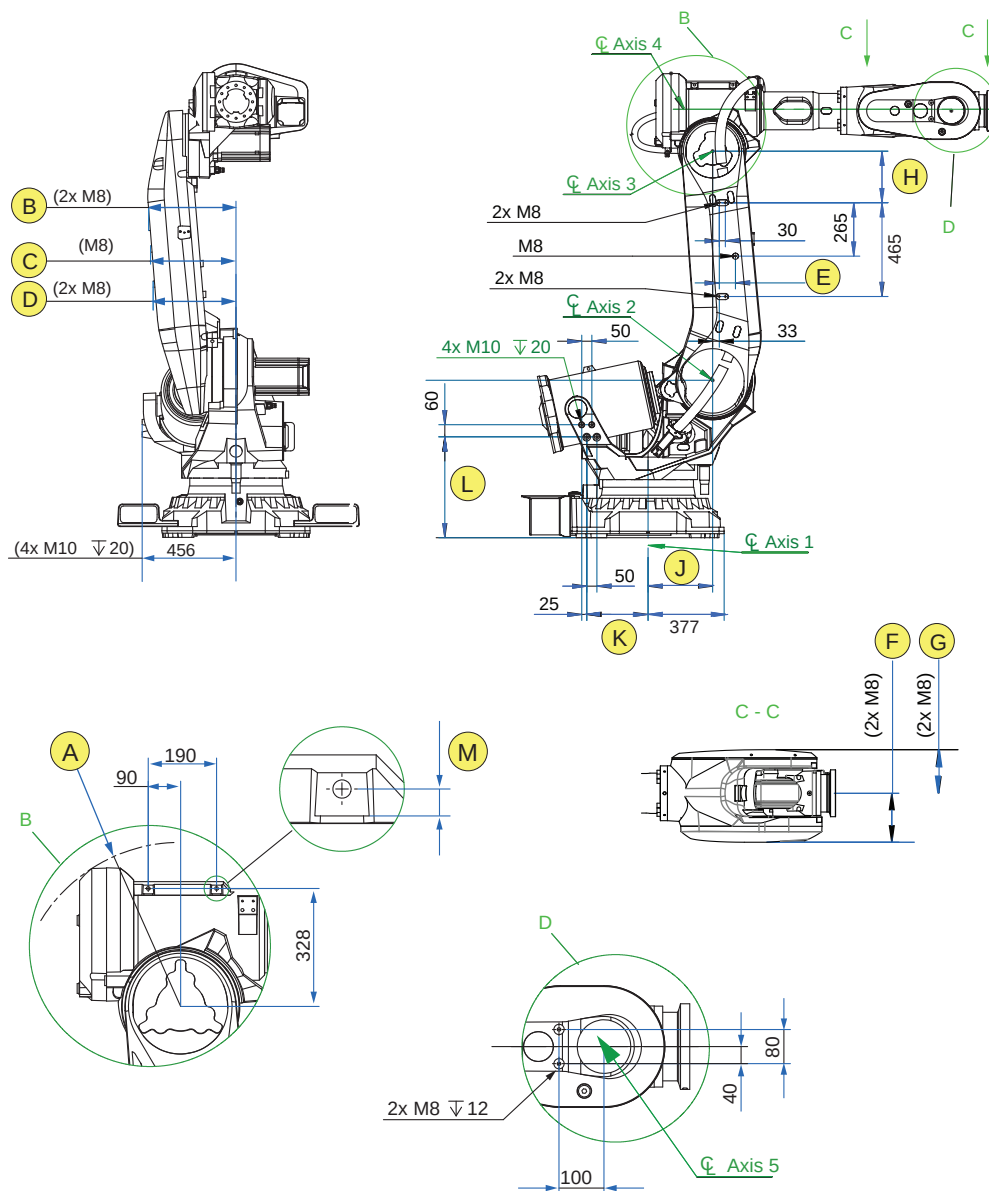
Continued

O	Attachment holes on arm house cover for extra equipment IRB 6790 - 235/2.65, IRB 6790 - 205/2.80
P	Attachment holes on arm house cover for extra equipment Not valid for IRB 6790

Variant	B ⁱ	C	D	E	F	G	H	J	K	L	M	N
IRB 6790 - 235/2.65	R=216	270	400	652.5	365	437	349	147	33	102	104	210
IRB 6790 - 205/2.80	R=216	270	500	652.5	365	437	349	147	33	102	104	210

ⁱ Smallest circumscribed radius axis-4.

Position of attachment holes - drawing 2



xx1300000264

Variant	A ⁱ	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	J	K	L	M
IRB 6790 - 235/2.65	R=456	433	418	403	80	208.5	186	255	320	303.5	500	13.8

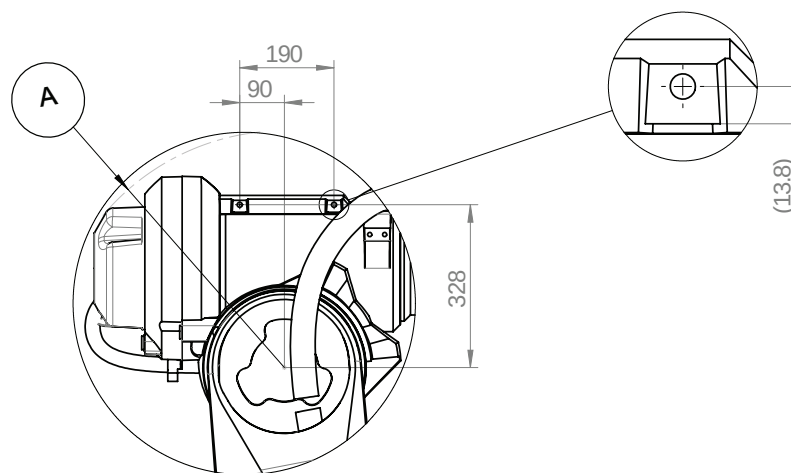
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Variant	A ⁱ	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	J	K	L	M
IRB 6790 - 205/2.80	R=456	438	423	408	80	208.5	186	255	320	303.5	500	13.8

ⁱ Smallest circumscribed radius axis-3.

Extra cover

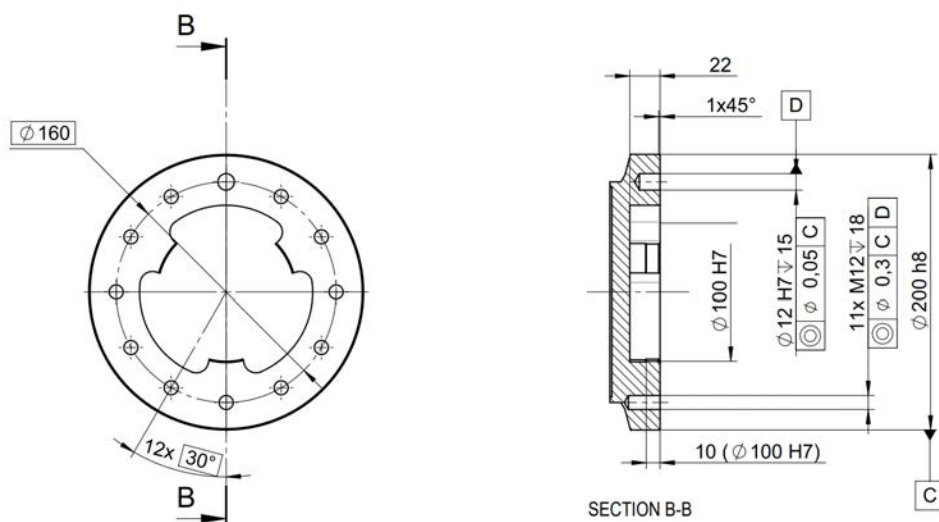
There is an extra upper arm cover for LID (LeanID) variants, which causes the value A to be different for the LID variants.



xx2100002054

Tool flange, standard

Below is the standard tool flange. The guide pin hole is, in calibration position, pointing upwards in Z-direction.



xx1700001590

Fastener quality

When fitting tools on the tool flange, only use screws with quality 12.9. For other equipment use suitable screws and tightening torque for your application.

1 Description

1.8 Maintenance and troubleshooting

1.8 Maintenance and troubleshooting

General

The robot requires only minimum maintenance during operation. It has been designed to make it as easy to service as possible:

- Maintenance-free AC motors are used.
- Oil is used for the gearboxes.
- The cabling is routed for longevity, and in the unlikely event of a failure, its modular design makes it easy to change.

Maintenance

The maintenance intervals depend on the use of the robot. The required maintenance activities also depend on the selected options. For detailed information on maintenance procedures, see the maintenance section in *Product manual - IRB 6790 Foundry Prime*.

Warranty

Harsh environments typically involve a lot of different process parameters such as specific fluids, their concentration and certain additives etc. These parameters might affect the visual appearance of selected parts on the robot or cell by means of discoloration, surface or cosmetic corrosion. These cases as well as defects caused by damages in the surface treatment during transport or improper storage that do not directly impact proper function of the robot are excluded from the standard warranty and will not be covered.

1.9 Robot motion

1.9.1 Robot motion

Type of motion

Axis	Type of motion	Range of movement - IRB 6790	Note
Axis 1	Rotation motion	$\pm 170^\circ$ or $\pm 220^\circ$ (option)	
Axis 2	Arm motion	$-65^\circ / +85^\circ$	
Axis 3	Arm motion	$-180^\circ / +70^\circ$	
Axis 4	Wrist motion	$\pm 300^\circ$	
Axis 5	Bend motion	$\pm 130^\circ$	
Axis 6	Turn motion	$\pm 360^\circ$	
		± 93.7 revolutions	Maximum value. The default working range for axis 6 can be extended by changing parameter values in the software. Option 610-1 <i>Independent axis</i> can be used for resetting the revolution counter after the axis has been rotated (no need for "rewinding" the axis).

Working range

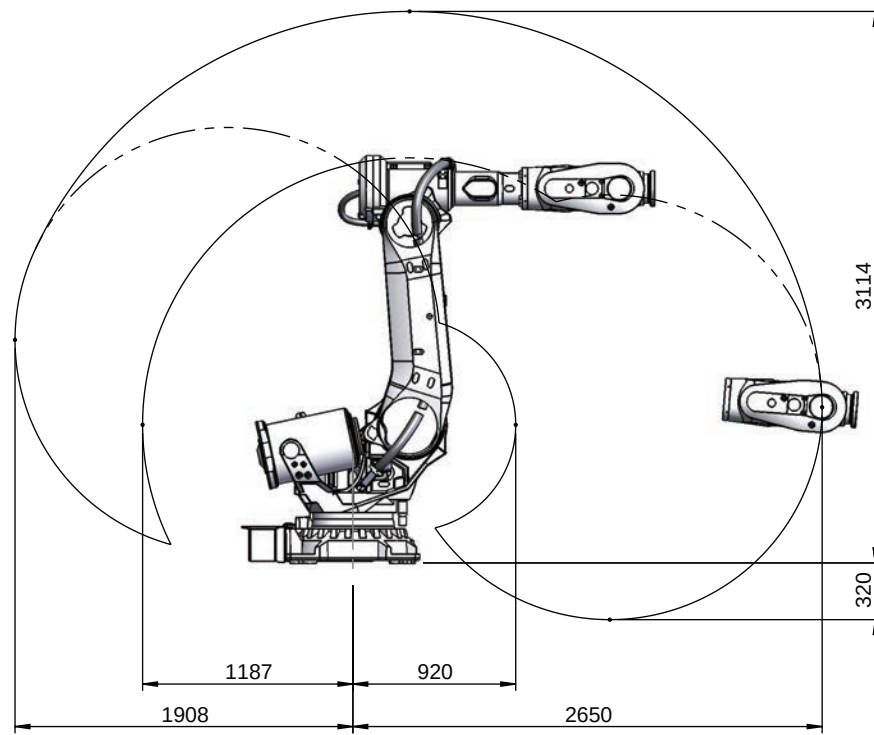
Robot variant	Handling capacity (kg)	Reach (m)
IRB 6790	235	2.65

Continues on next page

1 Description

1.9.1 Robot motion

Continued



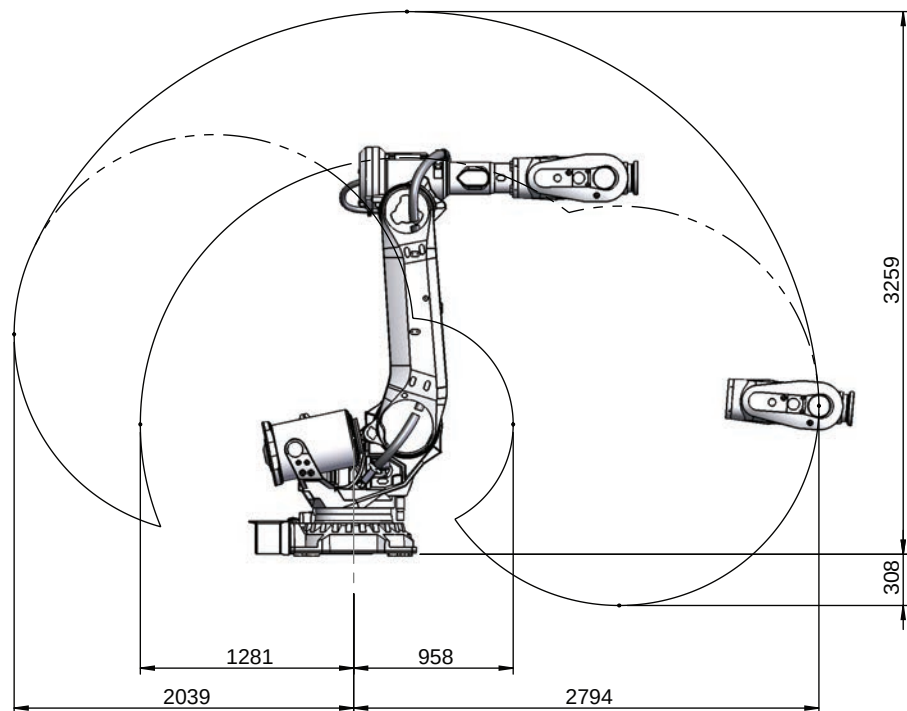
xx1300000281

Continues on next page

1 Description

1.9.1 Robot motion *Continued*

Robot variant	Handling capacity (kg)	Reach (m)
IRB 6790	205	2.80



xx1300000282

1 Description

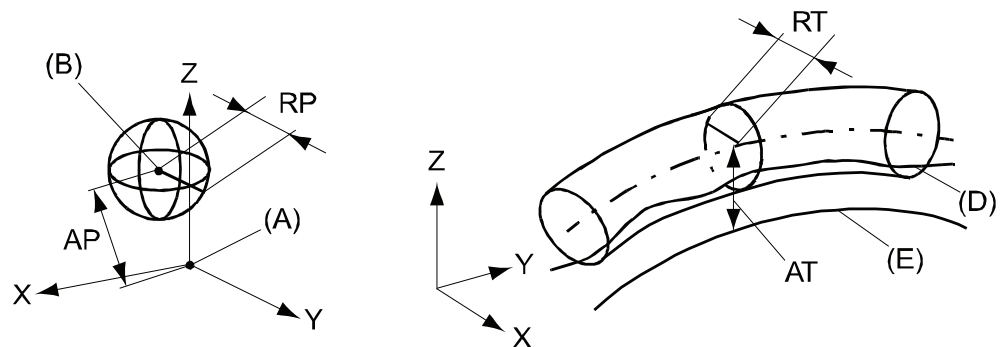
1.9.2 Performance according to ISO 9283

1.9.2 Performance according to ISO 9283

General

At rated maximum load, maximum offset and 1.6 m/s velocity on the inclined ISO test plane, with all six axes in motion. Values in the table below are the average result of measurements on a small number of robots. The result may differ depending on where in the working range the robot is positioning, velocity, arm configuration, from which direction the position is approached, the load direction of the arm system. Backlashes in gearboxes also affect the result.

The figures for AP, RP, AT and RT are measured according to figure below.



xx0800000424

Pos	Description	Pos	Description
A	Programmed position	E	Programmed path
B	Mean position at program execution	D	Actual path at program execution
AP	Mean distance from programmed position	AT	Max deviation from E to average path
RP	Tolerance of position B at repeated positioning	RT	Tolerance of the path at repeated program execution

IRB 6790	235/2.65	205/2.80
Pose accuracy, AP (mm) ⁱ	0.03	0.06
Pose repeatability, RP (mm)	0.05	0.05
Pose stabilization time, PSt (s) within 0.5 mm of the position	0.16	0.17
Path accuracy, AT (mm)	1.7	1.5
Path repeatability, RT (mm)	0.08	0.08

ⁱ AP according to the ISO test above, is the difference between the taught position (position manually modified in the cell) and the average position obtained during program execution.

1.9.3 Velocity

Maximum axis speed

Robot type	Axis 1	Axis 2	Axis 3	Axis 4	Axis 5	Axis 6
IRB 6790-235/2.65	100 °/s	90 °/s	90 °/s	170 °/s	120 °/s	190 °/s
IRB 6790-205/2.80	100 °/s	90 °/s	90 °/s	170 °/s	120 °/s	190 °/s

There is a supervision function to prevent overheating in applications with intensive and frequent movements (high duty cycle).

1 Description

1.9.4 Robot stopping distances and times

1.9.4 Robot stopping distances and times

Introduction

The stopping distances and times for category 0 and category 1 stops, as required by EN ISO 10218-1 Annex B, are listed in *Product specification - Robot stopping distances according to ISO 10218-1 (3HAC048645-001)*.

2 Specification of variants and options

2.1 Introduction to variants and options

General

The different variants and options for the IRB 6790 are described in the following sections. The same option numbers are used here as in the specification form.

The variants and options related to the robot controller are described in the product specification for the controller.

2 Specification of variants and options

2.2 Manipulator

2.2 Manipulator

Variants

Option	IRB Type	Handling capacity (kg)	Reach (m)
3300-71	6790	235	2.65
3300-72	6790	205	2.80

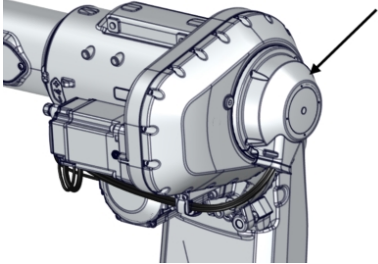
Manipulator protection

Option	Protection type	Note
3352-18	Foundry Prime 3	IP69 See Foundry Prime on page 9 for a complete description of protection type Foundry Prime 3.

Requirement

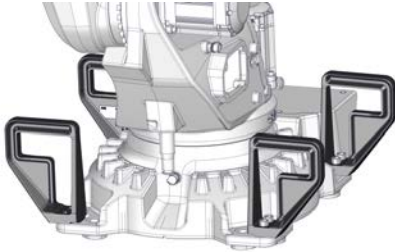
This option requires option [3316-1] Upper arm cover.

Upper arm cover

Option	Description	Image
3316-1	Upper arm cover The manipulator can be equipped with additional upper arm covers for environmental conditions, where you want to further seal off the upper arm in wet or dirty conditions. These additional covers will prolong the lifetime of the cables, and simplify service/maintenance as the robot is kept more clean under the covers.	 xx2500000237

Forklift device

The manipulator can be delivered with forklift devices, allowing a forklift to be used when moving the manipulator.

Option	Description	Image
3318-1	Forklift device on base Forklift pockets placed on the base gives a low lifting point.	 xx2300001244

Continues on next page

Extended working range

Option	Description	
3324-1	Axis 1 to $\pm 220^\circ$	The option extends the working range on axis 1 from $\pm 170^\circ$ to $\pm 220^\circ$.

**CAUTION**

The option *Extended work range* enables an extension of the working range for axis 1, through a software configuration. With this option installed, the working range can exceed the range limited by the mechanical stop on axis 1. The working range shall be limited through the option *SafeMove*.

A risk analysis must be done to ensure that no risks remain when using option *Extended work range*, to limit the working range, and before removing the mechanical stops.

For information about the option *SafeMove*, see *Application manual - Functional safety and SafeMove*.

If the mechanical stop is removed, then the manipulator should have a marking for this, for example, a label. If the robot is delivered with the option *Extended work range*, then such a label is included on delivery.

Requirements

This option requires the option *SafeMove* [3043-x].

Flow sensor kit

Option	Protection type	Note
3347-1	Flow sensor kit	Used for the overpressure unit

Requirements

This option requires options [3015-1] 24V 4Amps and [3032-1] Base Dig. 16in/16out.

2 Specification of variants and options

2.3 Floor cables

2.3 Floor cables



Note

To comply with the EMC directive, the total cable length (including cables for the motor connection box) must not exceed 30 m between:

Controller and robot (IRB)

Controller and motor & gear units (MU/GU) or track motion (IRT)

Controller and positioner (IRP)

Manipulator cable length

Length from the manipulator interface plate to controller.

Option	Lengths
3200-2	7 m
3200-3	15 m
3200-4	22 m

2.4 Warranty

Warranty

For the selected period of time, ABB will provide spare parts and labor to repair or replace the non-conforming portion of the equipment without additional charges. During that period, it is required to have a yearly *Preventative Maintenance* according to ABB manuals to be performed by ABB. If due to customer restrains no data can be analyzed with ABB Connected Services for robots with OmniCore controllers, and ABB has to travel to site, travel expenses are not covered. The *Extended Warranty* period always starts on the day of warranty expiration. Warranty Conditions apply as defined in the *Terms & Conditions*.



Note

This description above is not applicable for option *Stock warranty* [438-8]

Option	Type	Description
438-1	Standard warranty	Standard warranty is 12 months from <i>Customer Delivery Date</i> or latest 18 months after <i>Factory Shipment Date</i> , whichever occurs first. Warranty terms and conditions apply.
438-8	Stock warranty	Maximum 6 months postponed start of standard warranty, starting from factory shipment date. Note that no claims will be accepted for warranties that occurred before the end of stock warranty. Standard warranty commences automatically after 6 months from <i>Factory Shipment Date</i> or from activation date of standard warranty in WebConfig. Note Special conditions are applicable, see <i>Robotics Warranty Directives</i>.

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